## TEST III PHYSICS

1. Nuclear sizes are expressed in a unit named
a. Fermi
b. angstrom
c. Newton
d. tesla
2. What is the SI unit of the Planck's constant?
a. watt second
b. watt per second
c. joule second
d. joule per second
3. If the kinetic energy of a body is decreased by $36 \%$, the percentage decrease in the linear momentum will be
a. $12 \%$
b. $20 \%$
c. $28 \%$
d. $36 \%$
4. Choose the scalar quantity from the following
a. energy
b. torque
c. momentum
d. force
5. The period of revolution of a geostationary satellite is
a. 12 hours
b. 1 day
c. 30 days
d. 365 days
6. A person climbing a hill bends forward in order to
a. avoid slipping
b. increase speed
c. keep the centre of gravity of his body within his feet
d. keep the centre of gravity of his body outside his feet
7. The density of sea water increase as
a. depth and salinity increase
b. depth and salinity decrease
c. depth increases and salinity decreases
d. depth decreases and salinity increases
8. When a ship enters a sea from a river, it rises a little because
a. density of sea water is less than that of river water
b. sea is deeper than river
c. sea has more water than river
d. sea water being denser than river water, exerts a greater upthrust on the ship
9. The relative density of a liquids is measured by using an instrument called
a. altimeter
b. hydrometer
c. barometer
d. galvanometer
10. A hydrogen - filled balloon rises in air because
a. the atmospheric pressure decreases with altitude
b. the acceleration due to gravity decreases with altitude
c. the density of air decreases with altitude
d. the buoyant force exerted by the air on the balloon is greater than the weight of the balloon
11. Arrange in descending order of wave length (long to short)
I. Infra - red
II) Ultra violet
III. Gamma rays
IV) Micro waves

The correct order is
a) IV, I, II III
b) I, IV, II, III
c) I, II, III, IV
d) III, II, I, IV
12. Electromagnetic radiation are given out due to
a. jumping of electrons from low energy to high level energy
b. jumping of electrons from high energy to low level energy
c. Revolution of electrons in specified orbits
d. None of these
13. In general, when the temperature of a metal is raised, its conductance
a) increases
b) decreases
c) remains the same
d) first decreases then increases
14. Which falls down fastest in vacuum, a feather, a wooden ballor a steel ball?
a) wooden ball
b) feather
c) steel ball
d) all will fall down at the same speed
15. Reed instrument without pipe is
a) Trumpet
b) Harmonium
c) Flute
d) Nathaswaram
16. If sound persists even after its source has stopped producing sound, then its called
a) forced vibration
b) free vibration
c) resonance
d) reverberation
17. The velocity of a freely falling body
a) decreases
b) increases
c) remains constant
d) may increase or may decrease
18. Nodes are
a. Positions of maximum displacement
b. Positions of no displacement
c. A position between no displacement and maximum displacement
d. None of these
19. The process in which heat is transmitted without the aid of the intervening medium is
a) conduction
c) radiation
b) convection
d) none of these
20. For the measurement of very low temperature we use
a. mercury thermometer
b. vapour pressure thermometer
c. resistance thermometer
d. radiation thermometer
21. Which of the following actions will double the period of a simple pendulum?
a. double the length of the pendulum
b. double the mass of the bob
c. double the mass of the bob $\sqrt{2}$ times greater
d. make the pendulum four times long.
22. Which of the following functions is performed by a photo-cell?
a. it converts magnetic energy into electrical energy
b. it converts chemical energy into electrical energy
c. it converts electrical energy into light electrical
d. it converts light energy into electrical energy
23. The radioactivity decay follows
a) $N=N_{o} e^{\alpha t}$
b) $N=N_{o} e^{\alpha 2 t}$
c) $N=N_{o} e^{-\alpha t}$
d) $N=N_{o} e^{-\alpha 2 t}$
24. Which of the following is an insulator?
a) aluminium
b) copper
c) glass
d) silver
25. Light emerging from a nicol prism has
a. vibrations in all directions
b. no vibration at all
c. vibration in two mutually perpendicular directions
d. vibrations in only one direction
26. According to Newton's formula, the velocity of sound in a medium is
a) $V=\sqrt{\frac{E}{d}}$
b) $V=\frac{\sqrt{E}}{d}$
c) $V=\frac{E}{\sqrt{d}}$
d) $V=\frac{E A}{d}$
27. The splitting of a beam of white light into different color is
a) refraction
b) reflection
c) dispersion
d) none of these
28. The density of pure water will be
a) maximum at $4{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
b) minimum at $4{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
c) maximum at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
d) minimum at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
29. When a vehicle passes, TV reception gets distorted due to
a. metal reflecting radio waves
b. sparkplug creating electromagnetic disturbances
c. passing vehicle affecting TV components
d. use of electronic ignition system
30. The lowest level energy band in a solid is called
a) valence bond
b) conduction bond
c) Fermi level
d) equal level
31. Pure silicon is used in
a) Electronic industry
b) Textile industry
c) Paint industry
d) Pharmaceuticals
32. Electrons can be accelerated to very high energies by means of
a) thyratrons
b) magnetrons
c) betatrons
d) cyclotrons
33. The size of the atomic nucleus is
a. $10^{-14} \mathrm{~m}$
b. $10^{-10} \mathrm{~m}$
c. $10^{-24} \mathrm{~m}$
d. $10^{-6} \mathrm{~m}$
34. If you move towards a plane mirror at a speed of $10 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{s}$ at what speed does your image approach you?
a) $5 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{s}$
b) $10 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{s}$
c) $20 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{s}$
d) information inadequate
35. The minimum lengths of a plane mirror in which a person can see himself in full length should be
a. equal to the person's height
b. slightly more than his height
c. nearly half of his height
d. nearly one fourth of his height
36. On adding a little antimony to germanium, we get
a) p-Type semiconductor
b) n-type semiconductor
c) metallic conductor
d) intrinsic semiconductor
37. A 100 watt bulb will consume one unit of electrical energy in
a) 1 hour
b) 10 hours
c) one day
d) 60 hours
38. Which one of the following is not correctly matched?
a. Hydraulic press
Archimedes principle
b. Lift of airplane

- Bernoulli's principle
c. Paint - gun
- Newton's third law
d. Electron microscope - Refraction of electron waves

39. Choke is used to
a. reduce the current in AC circuit
b. reduce the current in DC circuit
c. convert AC to DC
d. convert DC to AC
40. The centre of the Newton's rings pattern is dark since
a. the light undergoes a phase change $\pi$
b. the glass plate and the plato - convex lens are in contact with each other at the centre
c. the light undergoes a phase change $2 \pi$
d. the light undergoes a phase change $\frac{\pi}{2}$
41. Which planet has the maximum number of known satellites?
a. Saturn
b. Jupiter
c. Mars
d. Uranus
42. What is the source of electrical energy in an artificial satellite?
a. a dynamo
b. a thermopile
c. solar cells
d. a Van de Graff generator
43. A filament bulb has a rating of 220 V 40 W . The resistance (in ohms) of its filament is
a. 1110
b. 1210
c. 1310
d. 1410
44. The most suitable metal for making permanent magnets is
a. soft iron
b. steel
c. copper
d. aluminium
45. When light travels from air into a glass slab, there is no change in its
a. speed
b. wavelength
c. amplitude
d. frequency
46. Light from the star, Alpha Centauri, which is nearest to the earth after the sun, reaches the earth in
a. 4.2 seconds
b. 42 seconds
c. 4.2 years
d. 42 years
47. When ultraviolet light falls on a metal it emits
a. electrons
b. protons
c. neutrons
d. photons
48. An atomic pile is used for
a. producing $X$ - rays
b. conducting nuclear fission
c. conducting nuclear fusion
d. disposing of nuclear waste
49. A cyclotron is used for
a. producing highly penetrating rays
b. starting a chain fission reaction
c. starting a fusion reaction
d. accelerating neutrons
50. Cadmium rods are used in a nuclear reactor for
a. slowing down the neutrons
b. speeding up slow neutrons
c. absorbing neutrons
d. regulating the power level of the reactor
51. The half life of a radioactive substance depends upon
a. its temperature
b. the external pressure
c. the mass of the substance
d. the strength of the nuclear force between the nucleons of its atoms
52. The Uranium nucleus ${ }_{92}^{238} U$ has
a. 92 electrons and 146 neutrons
c. 92 neutrons and 146 electrons
b. 92 neutron and 146 proton
d. 92 protons and 146 neutrons
53. The kind of fuse wire to be used depends on
a. the voltage of the mains
b. the wattage of the appliance
c. the cost of the appliance
d. none of the above
54. When an electric bulb breaks, there is a mild bang which is produced by
a. the breaking of glass
b. the sudden escape of compressed gases from the bulb
c. the sudden rushing in of the air to fill the evacuated space
d. the sudden oxidation of the filament
55. In a DC generator, the current in the armature is
a. DC
b. pulsating DC
c. AC
d. neither AC nor DC
56. Ultrasonics are
a. sound waves of a very high frequency
b. sound waves of a very low frequency
c. electromagnetic waves of a very high frequency
d. electromagnetic waves of a very low frequency
57. What will be the colour of the sky as seen from the moon which has no atmosphere?
a. black
b. faint blue
c. dark blue
d. orange
58. The wave theory of light, in its original form, was postulated by
a. Isaac Newton
b. Thomas Young
c. Albert Einstein
d. Christian Huygens
59. How many calories of heat are required to completely evaporate 1 gram of ice at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ?
a. 620
b. 720
c. 820
d. 920
60. Match the following:

61. Which of the following waves can propagate in vacuum
62. Radio waves
63. Light waves
64. $X$ - rays
65. Ultrasonic waves
a. 1,2 and 3
b. 1,2,3 and 4
c. 2, 3 and 4
d. 1 and 4
66. What is the wavelength of visible spectrum
a. $1300-3000 \mathrm{~A}^{\circ}$
b. $3900-7600 \mathrm{~A}^{\circ}$
c. $7800-8000 \mathrm{~A}^{\circ}$
d. $8500-9800 \mathrm{~A}^{\circ}$
67. A moderator is used in nuclear reactors in order to
a. increase the number of neutrons
b. decrease the number of neutrons
c. slow down the speed of neutrons
d. accelerate the neutrons
68. The wavelength of $X$ - rays is of the order of
a. 1 cm
b. 1 m
d. 10 micron
69. In a refrigerator, cooling is produced by
a. the ice which deposits on the freezer
b. the sudden expansion of a compressed gas
c. the evaporation of a volatile liquid
d. None of the above
70. Aviation fuel for jet aeroplanes consists of purified
a. petrol
b. kerosene
c. gasoline
d. diesel
71. Who is the recepient of Nobel Prize for the development of Wireless Telegraphy
a. J. J. Thomson
b. Kamerling Onnes
c. Samuel Morse
d. Marconi
72. Match the following

Discovery
A. Radioactivity
B. Relativity
C. Gravitation
D. $X$ - rays

| A | B | C |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { a. } & 3 & 1 & 2 & 4\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { b. } & 3 & 4 & 1 & 2\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { c. } & 1 & 3 & 4 & 2\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { d. } & 2 & 4 & 1 & 3\end{array}$

## Scientist

1. Issac Newton
2. Roentgen
3. Henry Bacquerel
4. Albert Einstein
5. In our houses we get 220 V . A. C. what does the value 220 represent?
a. Constant voltage
b. Effective voltage
c. Average voltage
d. Peak voltage
6. The quality of a sound depends upon the
I. size of the vibrating body
II. Material of the vibrating body
III. overtones produced
IV. shape of the vibrating body
a. I, II and III
b. I, II, III and IV
c. I and III
d. II, III and IV
7. The emission of $\beta$ - particles
a. increases the atomic number by one
b. decreases the atomic number by one
c. increases the mass number by one
d. decreases the mass number by one
8. Kinetic Energy depends
a. on the mass of the moving body
b. the velocity or speed of the moving body
c. the pressure of the moving body
d. both mass and velocity of the moving body
9. An astronaut of mass 60 kg is revolving around the earth in a satellite. What will be his weight inside the satellite assuming $\mathrm{g}=10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
a. 1200 N
b. 600 N
c. Infinite
d. Zero
10. Match the following

Energy conversion
A. Heat to electric
B. Electric to sound
C. Mass to heat
D. Chemical to heat + light
E. Kinetic to heat

## Device / process

1. Car braking
2. Nuclear reactor
3. Loudspeaker
4. Solar cell
5. Fuel burning

|  | A | B | C | D | E |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| b. | 5 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 4 |
| c. | 2 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 4 |
| d. | 3 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 5 |

75. Match the following
A. Petrol engine
76. Compression
B. Diesel engine
C. Ship
77. Spark plug
D. Jet aircraft
78. Turboprop
79. Propeller

|  | A | B | C | D |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| b. | 2 | 1 | 4 | 3 |
| c. | 1 | 2 | 4 | 3 |
| d. | 2 | 1 | 3 | 4 |

76. One micron is equal to
a. $\frac{1}{10}$ th of mm
b. $\frac{1}{100}$ th of mm
c. $\frac{1}{1000}$ th mm
d. $\frac{1}{10000}$ th of mm
77. Match the following

Items
A. Distance between earth and stars
B. Inter atomic distances in a solid
C. Size of nucleus
D. Wavelength of infrared laser

Units of length

1. Microns
2. Angstroms
3. Light year
4. Fermi
5. Kilometres

|  | A | B | C | D |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a. | 3 | 2 | 4 | 1 |
| b. | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| c. | 5 | 2 | 4 | 3 |
| d. | 5 | 4 | 2 | 1 |

78. The pH of water of $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is 7 . When it is heated to $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the pH of water
a. increases
b. remains same
c. decreases
d. decreases upto $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and then it increases
79. Match the following

Type of Electromagnetic

## Radiation

A. Radio Waves
B. Ultraviolet waves
C. Visible light
D. X - ray

## Corresponding Wavelength

1. $4 \times 10^{-7}-7 \times 10^{-7} \mathrm{~m}$
2. $10^{-11}-10^{-9} \mathrm{~m}$
3. $10^{-6}-10^{-3} \mathrm{~m}$
4. $10^{-3}-10^{5} \mathrm{~m}$
5. $10^{-9}-10^{-7} \mathrm{~m}$

|  | A | B | C | D |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a. | 3 | 2 | 4 | 5 |
| b. | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 |
| c. | 3 | 5 | 4 | 2 |
| d. | 4 | 2 | 1 | 5 |

80. Who of the following recognized that large quantity of energy is released as a result of the fusion of hydrogen nuclei to form deuterium?
a. EnricoFermi
b. Glenn Seaborg
c. Hans Bethe
d. Werner Heisenberg
81. In a sprayer the liquid rises in the tube due to
a. capillarity
b. evaporation
c. lower pressure at the upper end
d. un known reasons
82. Nichrome wire is used as a heating element in many appliances because
a. it can be drawn out into wires easily
b. it has high resistively
c. it resists oxidation in air when red hot
d. both (b) and (c) are correct
83. The force between two protons (Positively charged particle) is
a. always repulsive
b. always attractive
c. attractive or repu1sive depending on the distance between them
d.always zero
84. An artificial satellite can be tracked very precisely from the earth by using
a. Doppler effect
b. radar
c. sonar
d. Zeeman effect
85. Heavenly matter landing on the earth's surface is known as
a. meteor
b. shooting star
c. meteorite
86. Hydraulic brakes in automobiles work on
a. Bernoulli's principle
b. Posieuille's principle
c. Pascal's principle
d. Archimede's principle
87. A hydrogen - filled balloon
a. always rises in the air
b. rises only if its total weight is much less than the weight of are it displaces.
c. Rises only if its total weight is equal to the weight of air it displaces
d. Can never rise in the air
88. X- rays are actually
a. slow moving electrons
b. fast moving electrons
c. electromagnetic waves
d. slow moving neutrons
89. Which of the following are semiconductors?
90. Silicon
91. Ceramic
92. Germanium
93. Quartz
a. 2 and 4
b. 1 and 3
c. 1, 3 and 4
d. all the four
94. A device used for converting a.c. into d.c. is called
a. transformer
b. rectifier
c. induction coil
d. dynamo
95. An astronaut on a space walk changes his direction
a. by moving his limbs in the opposite direction
b. by moving his limbs in the same direction
c. by using a hand rocket
d. by remote control from within the ship
96. As a metal brick, thrown into a deep lake, sinks deeper and deeper, the force acting on it
a. increases
b. decreases
c. vanishes at a particular depth
d. remains constant
97. The current drawn in amperes by 750 W electric iron when operated at 220 V is
a. 0.34
b. 0.29
c. 2.90
d. 3.41
98. Cobalt - 60 is commonly used in radiation therapy because it emits
a. alpha rays
b. beta rays
c. gamma rays
d. X-rays
99. A storm is predicted if atmospheric pressure
a. falls gradually
b. rises gradually
c. rises suddenly
d. falls suddenly
100. In which of the following the speed of sound is maximum?
A. in the air of $0^{\circ} \mathrm{c}$
B. in the air of $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
C. in the water
D. in the wood
101. Which type of waves are utilized in the night visionary equipment?
A. Radio wave
B. Micro wave
C. Infra red wave
D. None of these
102. On raising the temperature of the medium the velocity of light:
A. increases
B. decreases
C. remains the same
D. suddenly decreases
103. The inside pressure of the soap bubble is:
A. more than the atmospheric pressure
B. less than the atmospheric pressure
C. equal to the atmospheric pressure
D. half of the atmospheric pressure
104. Water expansion is
A. $\frac{L_{1}}{L_{2}}$
B. $\frac{L_{2}}{L_{1}}$
C. $L_{2}+L_{1}$
D. $L_{2}-L_{1}$

## TEST III PHYSICS ANSWER

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ |
| 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |
| $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ |
| 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ |
| 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 |
| $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ |
| 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 |
| $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ |
| 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 |
| $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ |
| 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 |
| $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ |
| 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 | 90 |
| $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ |
| 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 |
| $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ |

